# Safety Data Sheet

RAVEN 410 Carbon Black

Revision date: 04.06.2018

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier**

RAVEN 410 Carbon Black  
CAS No: 1333-86-4

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

- **Company name:** Powder Technology Inc.  
- **Street:** 1300 Grey Fox Road  
- **Place:** USA-55112 Arden Hills, MN  
- **Telephone:** +1 952 894-8737  
- **e-mail:** sales@powdertechnologyinc.com  
- **Internet:** http://www.powdertechnologyinc.com

**Emergency phone number:** +1 952 894-8737

**Further Information**

This safety data sheet was created by: ECI EnviroConsult Ingenieurbüro Dr. Lux e.K.

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Classification of the chemical**

**Label elements**

- **Signal word:** Warning
- **Pictograms:** exclamation mark

**Hazard statements**

Harmful if inhaled

**Precautionary statements**

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

**Hazards not otherwise classified**

No information available.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substances**

- **Chemical characterization**
  - carbon black with <0,1 wt% PAH

## 4. First-aid measures

**Description of first aid measures**

**After inhalation**

Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

**After contact with skin**

After contact with skin, wash immediately with: Water and soap. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.
treatment.

**After contact with eyes**
Rinse immediately carefully and thoroughly with eye-bath or water. In case of eye irritation consult an ophthalmologist.

**After ingestion**
Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**
No information available.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
Treat symptomatically.

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### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media**

- **Suitable extinguishing media**
  - Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Extinguishing powder. Water fog.

- **Unsuitable extinguishing media**
  - High power water jet. High power water jet.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sulfur oxides.
It may not be obvious that carbon black is burning unless the material is stirred and sparks are apparent. Carbon black that has been on fire should be observed closely for at least 48h to ensure no smoldering material is present.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters**
In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen.

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### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Avoid generation of dust. Do not breathe dust. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

**Environmental precautions**
No special environmental measures are necessary. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**
Take up mechanically. Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

**Reference to other sections**
Safe handling: see section 7
Personal protection equipment: see section 8
Disposal: see section 13

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### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Advice on safe handling**
Avoid generation of dust. Do not breathe dust. All work processes must always be designed so that the following is as low as possible: inhalation.

**Advice on protection against fire and explosion**
Avoid generation of dust. Keep away from sources of ignition. - No smoking. Fine dust may cause electrical shorts and is capable of penetrating electrical equipment unless tightly sealed.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels
Keep container tightly closed. Handle and open container with care. Keep container dry. Conditions to avoid: Dust deposits.

### Advice on storage compatibility
Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents, strong.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

**Additional advice on limit values**
- Germany: MAK: 1.0 mg/m³ TWA (respirable), 4.0 mg/m³ TWA (inhalable)

**Exposure controls**

**Protective and hygiene measures**
- Take off contaminated clothing. Wash hands before breaks and after work. When using do not eat or drink.

**Eye/face protection**
- Wear eye/face protection. Suitable eye protection: Tightly sealed safety glasses.

**Hand protection**
- When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

**Skin protection**
- Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory protection**
- In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Suitable respiratory protective equipment: particulates filter device (DIN EN 143).

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>solid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
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<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
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<td>pH-Value</td>
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<td>Changes in the physical state</td>
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<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
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<td>Flash point</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
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<tr>
<td>Solid</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gas</td>
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<td>Lower explosion limits</td>
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<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limits</td>
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<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Solid</td>
<td>&gt;140 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RAVEN 410 Carbon Black

Gas: not applicable
Decomposition temperature: 300 °C

Oxidizing properties
Not oxidizing.

Vapor pressure: not determined
Density: 1.9 g/cm³
Water solubility: insoluble

Solubility in other solvents
not determined

Partition coefficient: not determined
Vapour density: not determined
Evaporation rate: not determined

Other information
Solid content: 100.00 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity
No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

Chemical stability
Stability: Stable
The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions: Will not occur
No information available.

Conditions to avoid
none

Incompatible materials
Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects
Route(s) of Entry
inhalation

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction
In 1995 IARC concluded, “There is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of carbon black.” Based on rat inhalation studies IARC concluded that there is, “sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black,” IARC’s overall evaluation was that, “Carbon black is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)”. This conclusion was based on IARC’s guidelines, which require such a classification if one species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more studies. In its 1987 review IARC concluded, “There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black extracts.” Carbon black extracts are classified as, possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Carbon black is not designated a carcinogen by the U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP), the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or the European Union (EU). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists classifies carbon black as A4, Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen. The U.S. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) 1978 criteria document on carbon black recommends that only carbon blacks with PAH contaminant levels greater than 0.1% require the measurement of PAHs in air. As some PAHs are possible human carcinogens, NIOSH recommends an exposure limit of 0.1 mg/m 3 for PAHs in air, measured as the cyclohexane-extractable fraction.

In an experimental investigation, mutational changes in the hprt gene were reported in alveolar epithelial cells in the rat following inhalation exposure to carbon black. This observation is believed to be rat specific and a consequence of “lung overload” which led to chronic inflammation and release of oxygen species. (see Chronic toxicity above). This is thus considered to be a secondary genotoxic effect and thus carbon black itself would not be considered to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity (IARC): Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4) is listed in group 2B.

Further information
Results of epidemiological studies of carbon black production workers suggest that cumulative exposure to carbon black may result in small decrements in lung function, as measured by FEV1. A recent U.S. respiratory morbidity study suggested a 27 ml decline in FEV1 from a 1 mg/m3 (inhaling fraction) exposure over a 40-year period. An older European investigation suggested an exposure to 1 mg/m 3 (inhaling fraction) of carbon black over a 40-year working-lifetime will result in a 48 ml decline in FEV1. In contrast, normal age related decline over a similar period of time would be approximately 1200 ml. The relationship between symptoms and exposure to carbon black is less clear. In the U.S. study, 9% of the highest exposure group (in contrast to 5% of the unexposed group) reported symptoms consistent with chronic bronchitis. In the European study, methodological limitations in the administration of the questionnaire limit the drawing of definitive conclusions about symptoms. This study, however, indicated a link between carbon black and small opacities on chest films, with negligible effects on lung function. A study of carbon black workers in the UK showed an elevated incidence of lung cancer but it was not considered to be related to carbon black.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
The product is not: Ecotoxic.

Persistence and degradability
Activated sludge
EC0 (3 h) > 800 mg/l.
DEV L3 (TTC test)

Bioaccumulative potential
The product has not been tested.

Mobility in soil
The product has not been tested.

Other adverse effects
No information available.

Further information
Avoid release to the environment.
13. Disposal considerations

**Waste treatment methods**

**Advice on disposal**
Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

**Contaminated packaging**
Wash with plenty of water. Completely emptied packages can be recycled.

14. Transport information

**US DOT 49 CFR 172.101**

**Proper shipping name:** Not a hazardous material with respect to these transport regulations.

**Environmental hazards**

**ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:** no

**Special precautions for user**
No information available.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
not applicable

15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Regulations**

**National Inventory TSCA**
Carbon black is registered in the TCSA.

**State Regulations**

**Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65, State of California)**
This product contains no chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. Other information

**Hazardous Materials Information Label (HMIS)**

- **Health:** *1
- **Flammability:** 1
- **Physical Hazard:** 0

**NFPA Hazard Ratings**

- **Health:** 0
- **Flammability:** 1
- **Reactivity:** 0
- **Unique Hazard:**

**Revision date:** 09.05.2016
**Revision No:** 1,00

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

- ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transport Association
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
RAVEN 410 Carbon Black

Other data

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.